



**CULVERT FOUNDATION RECOMMENDATIONS REPORT (REV. 1)
REPLACEMENT OF BRIDGE 890201 WITH
PRECAST REINFORCED THREE-SIDED CULVERT ON SR 1149
(DOSTER ROAD) OVER TWELVE MILE CREEK**

**WBS No.: 17BP.10.R.5
Tip No.: NA
County: UNION**

Prepared by:

**AMEC Environment and Infrastructure, Inc.
4021 Stirrup Creek Drive, Suite 100
Durham, North Carolina 27703
(Project No. 6469-12-1040)**

Prepared for:

NCDOT

June 27, 2012



June 27, 2012

Mr. Joel Gregory Jones, P.E.
Division Bridge Program Manager
NCDOT Division 10 Office
716 W. Main Street
Albemarle, North Carolina 28001

Attention: Mr. Joel Gregory Jones, P.E.:

Subject: **Culvert Foundation Recommendation Report (Rev. 1)
Replacement of Bridge 890201 with
Precast Reinforced Three-Sided Culvert on SR 1149
(Doster Road) Over Twelve Mile Creek
WBS No.: 17BP.10.R.5
TIP No.: NA
Federal Aid No.: NA
County: Union
AMEC Project Number: 6469-12-1040**

Dear Mr. Jones:

AMEC Environment and Infrastructure, Inc. (AMEC) is pleased to transmit the attached Culvert Foundation Recommendations Report associated with the Replacement of Bridge No. 890201 on SR 1149 (Doster Road) over Twelve Mile Creek. The Structure Subsurface Investigation Report provided by NCDOT and the additional Structure Subsurface Exploration Report performed by AMEC are provided in the Appendix.

This Foundation Recommendations Report has been prepared using boring data obtained by AMEC and others. The recommendations for the Three-Sided Culvert are based upon AASHTO LRFD bridge design procedures as required by the NCDOT.

If you have any questions regarding recommendations contained in this report, please contact us at 919-381-9900.

Sincerely,

AMEC Environment and Infrastructure, INC.

Shane Johnson, P.E., P.G.
Senior Geotechnical Engineer
Registered, North Carolina 037422

Gary R. Taylor, P.E.
Geotechnical Department Manager
Registered, North Carolina 18580

Correspondence:

AMEC Environment & Infrastructure, Inc.
4021 Stirrup Creek Drive, Suite 100
Durham, North Carolina 27703
Tel (919) 381-9900
Fax (919) 381-9901
Licensure: NC Engineering F-1253 NC Geology C-247

CULVERT FOUNDATION RECOMMENDATIONS

STATE NO. 17BP.10.R.5 DESCRIPTION Precast Reinforced Concrete Three-Sided Culvert on SR 1149
 TLP NO. NA (Doster Road) Over Twelve Mile Creek
 COUNTY Union
 STATION 12+08.46 -L-

	INITIALS	DATE
DESIGN	JSJ	6/5/2012
CHECK	GAT	6/6/12
APPROVAL		

N.C. DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION
 DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
 GEOTECHNICAL ENG. UNIT-WRO

- ACCEPTED
- ACCEPTED AS NOTED
- RETURNED FOR CORRECTIONS
- SEE LETTER

BY: Dean Hardister, PE

DATE: 06/20/2012



SIGNATURE *J. Shane Johnson*

BENT	STATION	FOUNDATION TYPE	FACTORED RESISTANCE	MISCELLANEAOUS DETAILS
END BENT 1	11+90.52 -L-	Spread Footings	4 TSF	Bottom of Footing Elevation = 576.5 feet
END BENT 2	12+26.58 -L-	Spread Footings	4 TSF	Bottom of Footing Elevation = 576.0 feet

FOUNDATION RECOMMENDATION NOTES ON PLANS

1. THE SCOUR CRITICAL ELEVATION ~~FOR END BENT NO. 1 AND END BENT NO. 2~~ IS THE BOTTOM OF FOOTING ELEVATION. SCOUR CRITICAL ELEVATIONS ARE USED TO MONITOR POSSIBLE SCOUR PROBLEMS DURING THE LIFE OF THE STRUCTURE.
2. THE SPREAD FOOTINGS ~~AT END BENT NO. 1 AND END BENT NO. 2~~ ARE DESIGNED FOR A FACTORED RESISTANCE OF 4 TSF. CHECK FIELD CONDITIONS FOR THE REQUIRED RESISTANCE OF 9 TSF JUST BEFORE PLACING CONCRETE.
3. KEY IN SPREAD FOOTINGS ~~AT END BENT NO. 1 AND END BENT NO. 2~~ AT LEAST 12 INCHES INTO WEATHERED ROCK OR ~~NON-CRYSTALLINE~~ ROCK WITH MINIMUM THICKNESS AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

FOUNDATION RECOMMENDATION COMMENTS

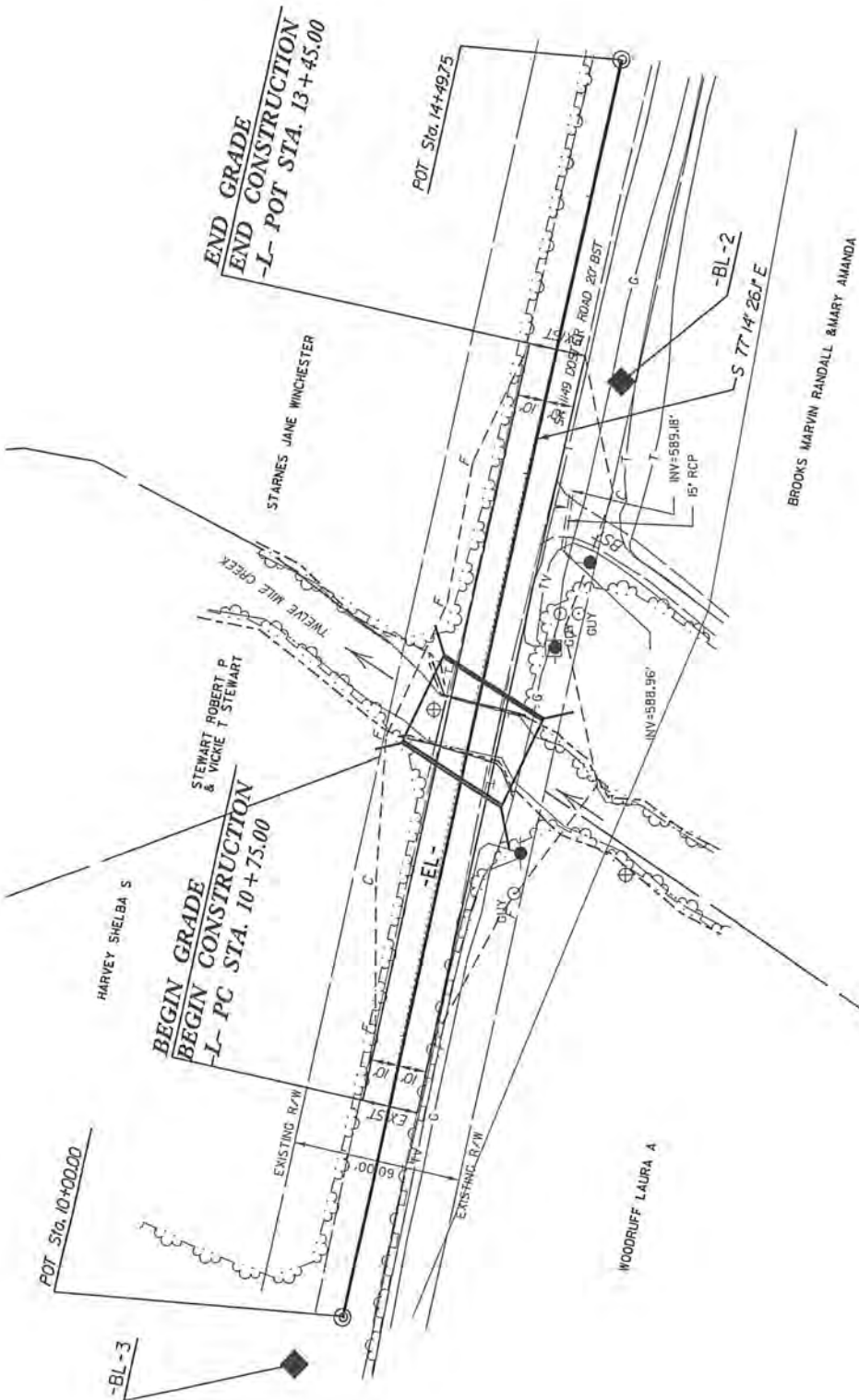
1. THE BOTTOM OF THE FOOTING ELEVATIONS MAY BE LOWERED IN ORDER TO SATISFY THE REQUIRED BEARING RESISTANCE AND MINIMUM ROCK EMBEDMENT REQUIREMENTS.

APPENDIX

PROVIDED INFORMATION

1" = 40'

Br. 201

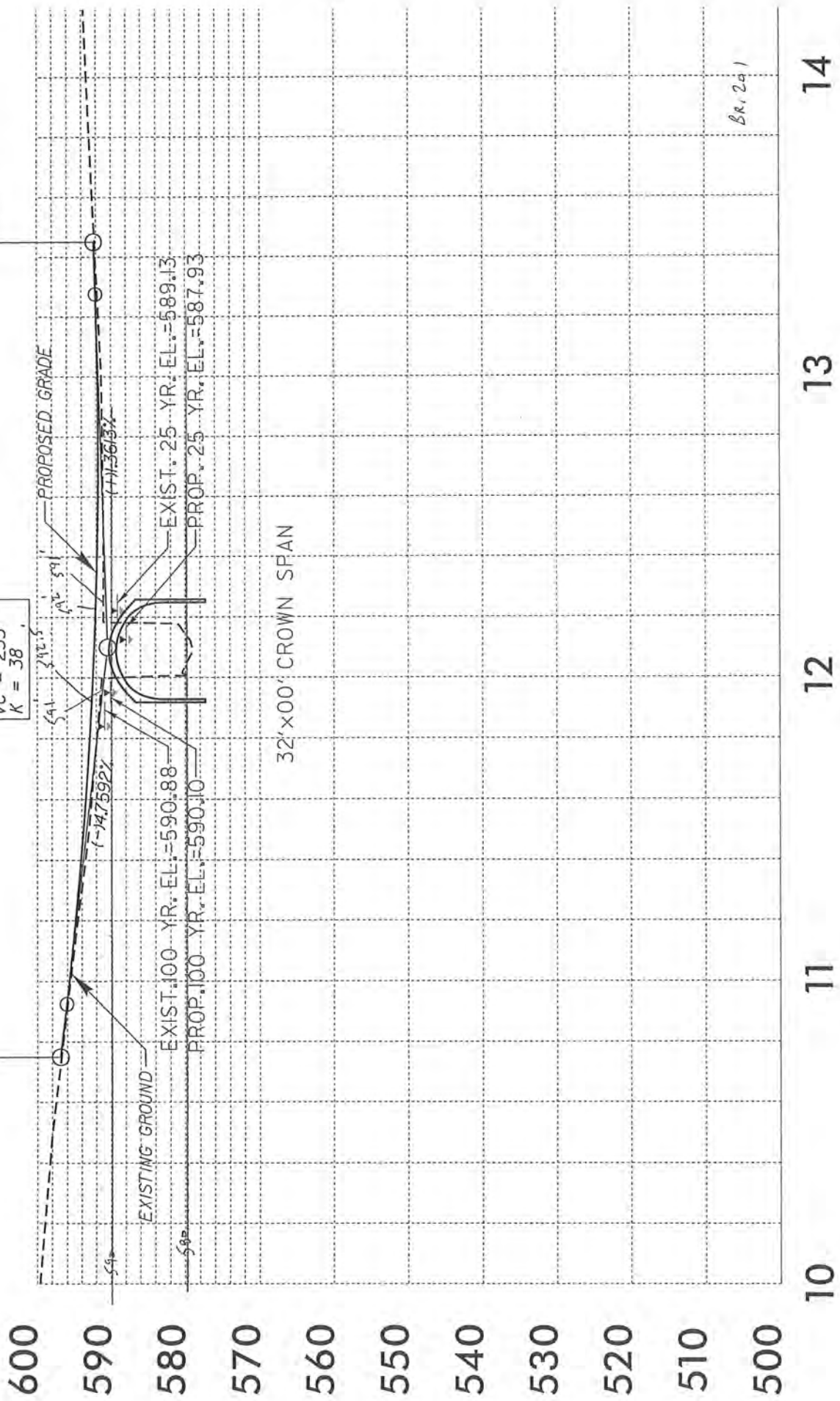


BL POINT	DESC.	NORTH	EAST	ELEVATION	EL STATION	OFFSET
1	BL-1	436957.8290	1503083.9110	597.34	9+00.84	28.77 LT
2	BL-2	437007.9730	1502879.9130	593.50	11+10.88	24.89 LT
3	BL-3	437124.1830	1502538.5230	600.03	14+69.49	13.10 RT

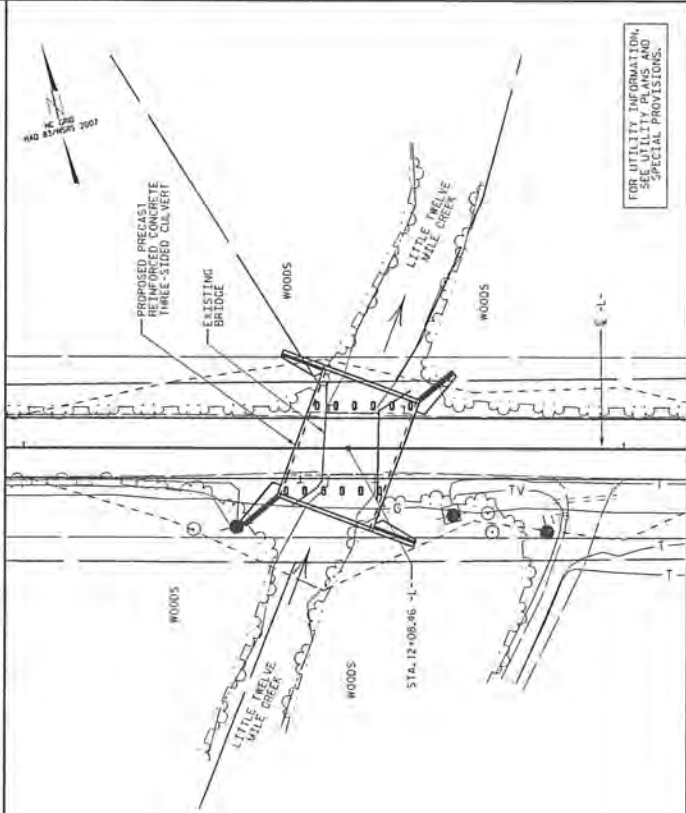
BEGIN GRADE
-L- POT STA. 10+75.00
EL. 596.90

PI = 12+10.00
EL = 590.48'
VC = 235'
K = 38

END GRADE
-L- POT STA. 13+45.00
EL. 592.31

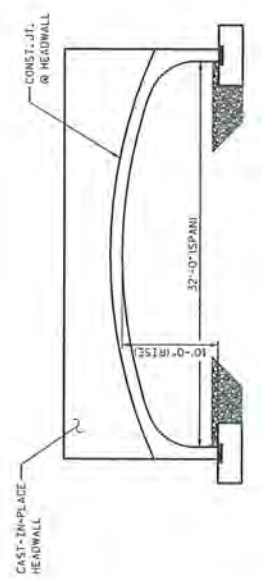


BM-BL-2, N 437007.973, E 150281.95013, STA. 11+0.08, EL. 593.50, 24.89 LT



FOR UTILITY INFORMATION, SEE UTILITY PLANS AND SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

LOCATION SKETCH



RIGHT ANGLE SECTION OF PRECAST CONCRETE THREE-SIDED CULVERT

HYDRAULIC DATA

- DESIGN DISCHARGE : 890 CFS
- FREQUENCY OF DESIGN FLOOD : 25 YRS.
- DESIGN HIGH WATER ELEVATION : 587.9
- RAINING PERIOD (HOURS) : 23 SOL.W.
- BASIC HIGH WATER ELEVATION : 1070 CFS
- : 590.2

OVERTOPPING FLOOD DATA

- OVERTOPPING DISCHARGE : 1460 CFS
- FREQUENCY OF OVERTOPPING FLOOD : 200 YRS.
- OVERTOPPING FLOOD ELEVATION : 592.3

GRADE DATA

- GRADE POINT ELEVATION : 592.20
- @ STA. 12+08.46 -L-
- BED ELEVATION @ : xxx.xx
- STA. 12+08.46 -L-
- ROADWAY SLOPES : 2:1

NOTES:

ASSUMED LIVE LOAD HL-93 OR ALTERNATE LOADING.
 REPLACES BRIDGE NO. 890201
 MAXIMUM DESIGN FILL 6.0'
 MINIMUM DESIGN FILL 1.0'
 FOR CULVERT OVERTENSION DETAILS AND PAY ITEM, SEE EROSION CONTROL PLANS.
 A 3-FEET STRIP OF FILTER FABRIC SHALL BE ATTACHED TO THE FILL FACE OF THE WEIR COVERING THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF THE EXPANSION JOINT.
 THE REQUIRED BEARING CAPACITY OF THE STRIP FOOTINGS IS XX TSP, THE REQUIRED BEARING CAPACITY SHALL BE VERIFIED.
 KEY FOOTINGS FOR THE THREE-SIDED CULVERT AT STATION 12+ 08.46 AT LEAST 12 INCHES FROM THE ROCK WITH A MINIMUM THICKNESS AS SHOWN ON THE PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE THREE-SIDED CULVERT PLANS.
 TO PROVIDE PROTECTION FROM POSSIBLE SCOUR, THE FOOTINGS SHALL NOT BE CONSTRUCTED AT AN ELEVATION HIGHER THAN SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
 SCOUR PROTECTION SHALL BE REQUIRED. RIP RAP NOT TO BE PLACED ABOVE THE STREAMBED.
 THE SCOUR CRITICAL ELEVATION IS THE AS BUILT BOTTOM OF FOOTING ELEVATION. THE SCOUR CRITICAL ELEVATIONS ARE FOR USE BY MAINTENANCE FORCES TO MONITOR POSSIBLE SCOUR PROBLEMS DURING THE LIFE OF THE STRUCTURE.
 THE BOTTOM OF THE FOOTING ELEVATIONS MAY BE LOWERED IN ORDER TO SATISFY BEARING CAPACITY AND MINIMUM ROCK EMBEDMENT REQUIREMENTS.
 THIS STRUCTURE HAS BEEN DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH REC 18 EVALUATION SCOUR AT BRIDGES, MAY 2001
 FOR PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE THREE SIDED CULVERT, SEE SPECIAL PROVISIONS.
 THE EXISTING STRUCTURE CONSISTING OF A 19'-10" LONG SINGLE SPAN A 20'-5" CLEAR SPAN, SHALL BE DEMOLISHED AND SUPPORTED ON MASS CONCRETE ABUTMENTS AT THE PROPOSED STRUCTURE SITE. SHALL BE REMOVED.
 REMOVAL OF THE EXISTING BRIDGE SHALL BE PERFORMED SO AS NOT TO ALLOW DEEPS TO FALL INTO THE WATER. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE THE BRIDGE AND SUBMIT DRAWINGS FOR DEMOLITION IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 402-2 OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATION.
 FOR SUBMITTAL OF WORKING DRAWINGS, SEE SPECIAL PROVISIONS.
 FOR FALSEWORK AND FORMWORK, SEE SPECIAL PROVISIONS.
 FOR EROSION CONTROL MEASURES, SEE EROSION CONTROL PLANS.
 FOR CRANE SAFETY, SEE SPECIAL PROVISIONS.
 THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE INDEPENDENT ASSURANCE SAMPLES OF REINFORCING STEEL AS COLLAPSE FOR PROJECTS REQUIRING UP TO 400 TONS OF REINFORCING STEEL, ONE 30 INCH DIAMETER CORE SAMPLE FOR EACH 100 TONS OF REINFORCING STEEL, TWO 30 INCH SAMPLES OF EACH SIZE BAR USED. THE BARS FROM WHICH THE SAMPLES ARE TAKEN MUST BE SPLICED WITH REPLACEMENT BARS OF THE SAME SIZE AND LENGTH OF THE SAMPLE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT THREE INDEPENDENT SAMPLES TO THE STATE FOR EACH SAMPLE OF REINFORCING STEEL. SHALL BE CONSIDERED INCIDENTAL TO VARIOUS PAY ITEMS.
 THE CAST-IN-PLACE HEADWALL/BARRIER RAILS SHALL BE DESIGNED FOR THE AASHTO LRFD TEST LEVEL 2 (11-2) CRASH TEST CRITERIA.
 ALL REINFORCING STEEL FOR THE HEADWALL/BARRIER RAILS SHALL BE EPOXY COATED.
 CONCRETE USED FOR THE HEADWALL/BARRIER RAILS SHALL MEET THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS OF CLASS AA CONCRETE.

PROJECT NO. _____ COUNTY _____
 STATION: 12+08.46 -L-
 SHEET 1 OF 3

STATE OF OHIO, OHIO TURNPIKE
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 GENERAL DRAWING
 PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE
 THREE-SIDED CULVERT
 SR 1149 (DOOSTER ROAD)
 OVER TWELVE MILE CREEK
 110° SKEW

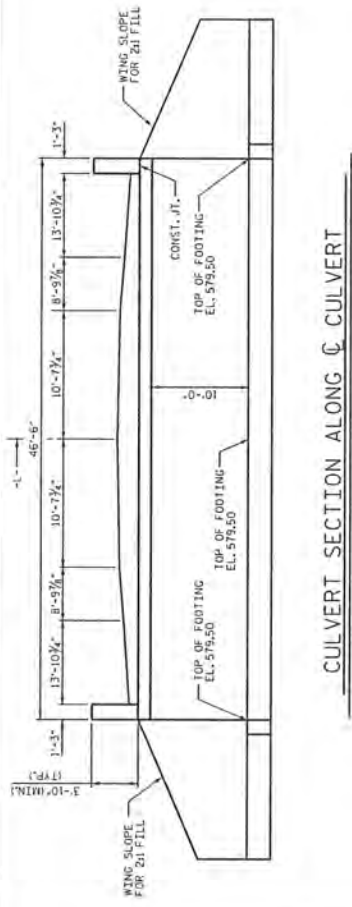
NO.	REV.	DATE	BY	CHK.	DATE
1					

SHEET NO. 1207N

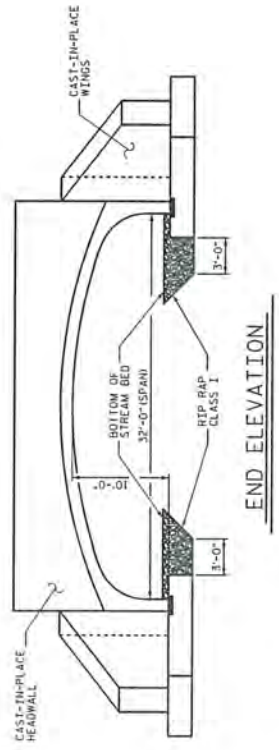
TOTAL STRUCTURE QUANTITIES

REMOVAL OF EXISTING STRUCTURE	LUMP SUM
PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE THREE-SIDED CULVERT @ STA. 12+08.46 -L-	LUMP SUM
CLASS A CONCRETE	CU. YDS.
PLAIN RIP RAP	TONS
CLASS 1	TONS

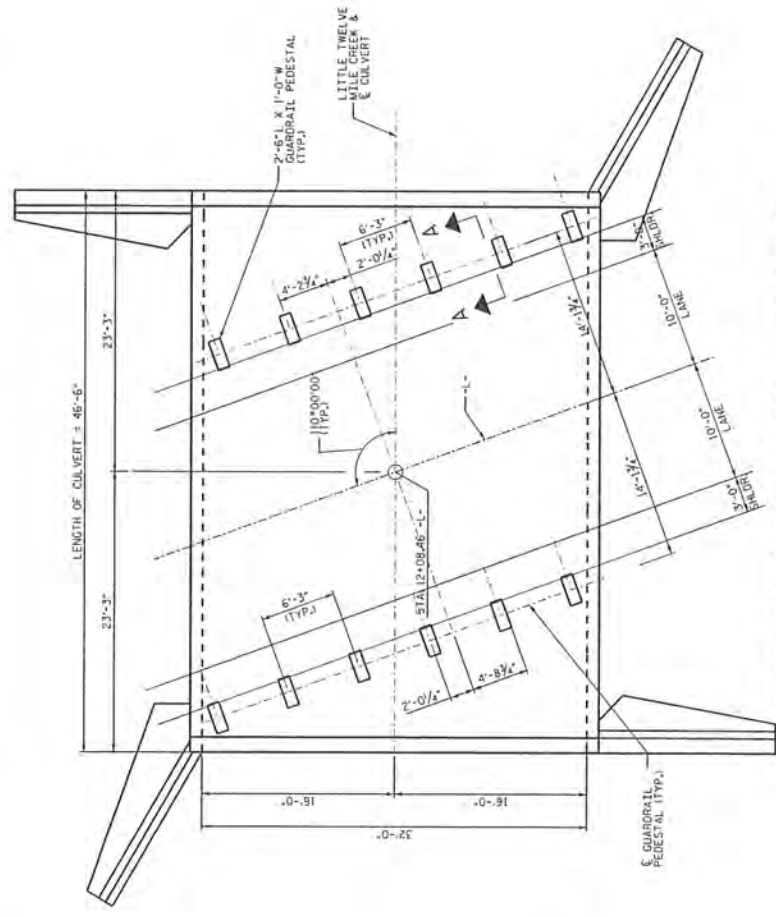
DRAWN BY: _____ DATE: _____
 CHECKED BY: _____ DATE: _____



CULVERT SECTION ALONG CULVERT



END ELEVATION



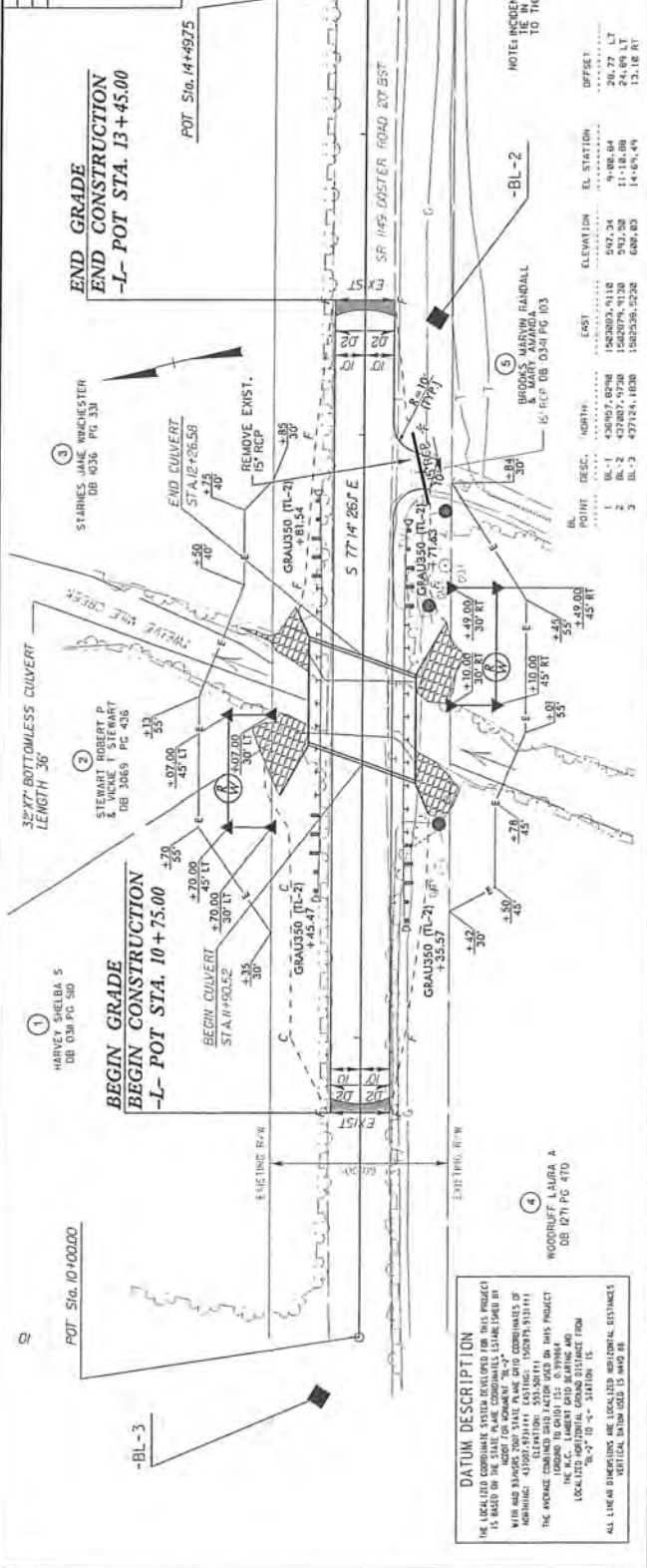
LENGTH FOR PRECAST THREE-SIDED CULVERT

PROJECT NO. _____
 UNION _____ COUNTY _____
 STATION: 12+08.46 -L-
 SHEET 2 OF 3

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 PLAN, SECTION & ELEVATION
 PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE
 THREE-SIDED CULVERT
 SR 1149 (DOOSTER ROAD)
 OVER TWELVE MILE CREEK
 110° SKEW

REVISIONS		SHEET NO.	
NO.	DATE	BY	DATE
1			
2			
3			

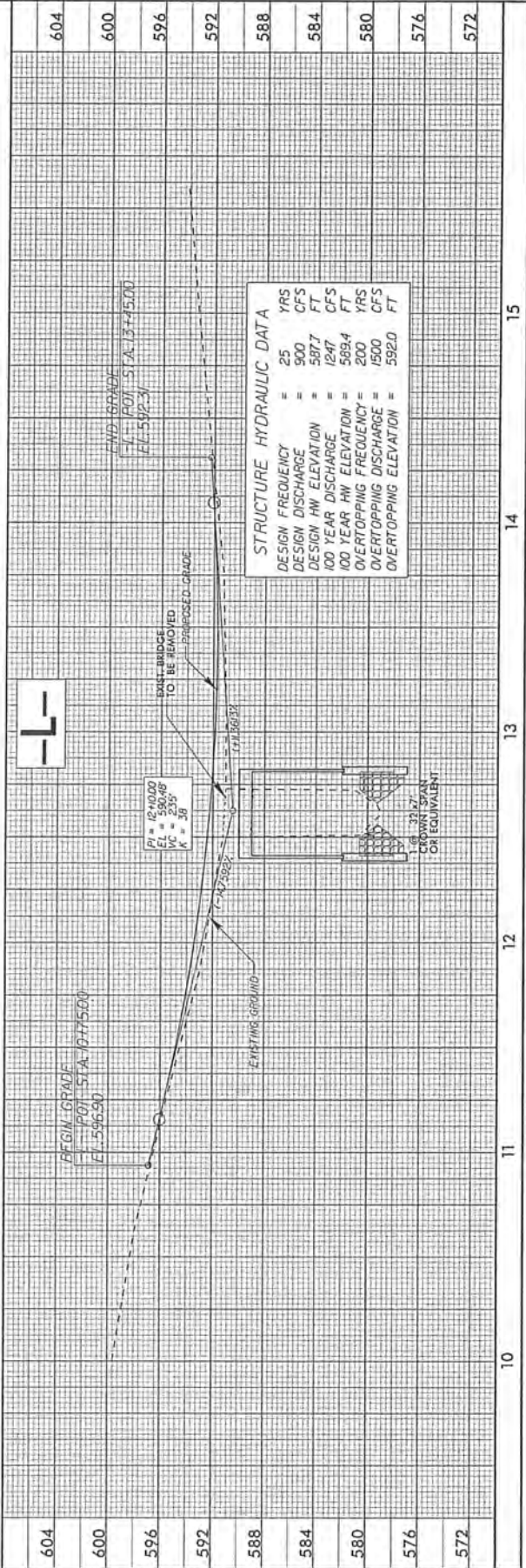
DRAWN BY: _____ DATE: _____
 CHECKED BY: _____ DATE: _____



DATUM DESCRIPTION
 THE LOCALIZED COORDINATE SYSTEM DEVELOPED FOR THIS PROJECT IS BASED ON THE STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM (SP) WITH HORIZONAL 2005 STATE PLANE COORDINATES OF NAD83. THE VERTICAL DATUM IS THE MEAN SEA LEVEL DATUM (MSLD). THE AVERAGE CORRECTION FACTOR USED ON THIS PROJECT IS 0.0000 TO 0.0005 FEET. LOCALIZED HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL DISTANCES FROM "BL-3" TO "BL-15" STATION 15. ALL LINEAR DIMENSIONS ARE LOCALIZED HORIZONTAL DISTANCES. VERTICAL DIMENSIONS ARE LOCALIZED VERTICAL DISTANCES.

NOTE: INCIDENTAL WELL APPROX. 25' AT EACH END TO PROVIDE A SMOOTH TRANSITION TO THE EXISTING ADJACENT PAVEMENT.

BL POINT	DESC.	LENGTH	ELEVATION	EL. STATION	OFFSET
1	BL-1	430.00	91.10	91.10	0.00
2	BL-2	430.00	91.30	91.30	0.00
3	BL-3	430.00	91.50	91.50	0.00



STATION	ELEVATION
604	
600	
596	
592	
588	
584	
580	
576	
572	

FOUNDATION CALCULATIONS
FOR END BENT NO. 1
AND
END BENT NO. 2



AMEC E&I, Inc.
4021 Stirrup Creek Drive, Suite 100
Durham, NC 27703

JOB NO. 6469-12-1040 SHEET 1 OF X
PHASE Br. 201 TASK X
JOB NAME Group N : DIV. 10 Bridges X
BY JSJ DATE 6/4/12 X
CHECKED BY MAPL DATE 6/6/12 X

BR. 201

- RECOMMENDED STRUCTURE = 3-SIDE CULVERT (see provided plans)
- Replacement of BRIDGE 201
- Footings for Bottomless culverts shall be founded on "Non-scourable rock". Therefore concrete footings must be keyed 1-foot into non-scourable rock. (50% on borders)
- NCDOT Provided a structure Inventory Report dated 2-19-04. This Report has 2-borings per Burt w/ No Rock Core. Collar elevations are relative to an assumed datum (100.00'). AMEC Assigned elevations to borings by using the provided ground surface profile (-L). The Boring & profile are along the existing ROAD.
- AMEC Provided 1 Boring per Burt which included CORING Approx. 10 ft. of Rock to confirm rock refusal material is Rock and not a boulder. Amec collar elevations are referenced to NCDOT Benchmarks.
- Existing GRADE on -L = $\approx 591'$
- Proposed Grade on -L = $\approx 592.5'$ @ SB1 ; $592'$ @ SB2
- Amount of fill (Estimate) = SB1 = $\approx 1.5'$
SB2 = $\approx 1'$



AMEC E&I, Inc.
4021 Stirrup Creek Drive, Suite 100
Durham, NC 27703

JOB NO. 6469-12-1040 SHEET 2 OF X
PHASE Rt. 201 TASK X
JOB NAME Group N, DTU. 10 X
BY JSJ EAT DATE 6/4/12 X
CHECKED BY NBC DATE 6/6/12 X

END BENT No. 1

- USE BORINGS B-1 and B-2 FROM NCDOT REPORT
AND BORING B-5 FROM AMEC REPORT.

<u>BORING</u>	<u>Collar Elev. El.</u>	<u>WR El.</u>	<u>NCR Elev.</u>
B-1	591'	578.4'	577.3'
B-2	591'	578.9	576.5'
B-5	590'	577.5'	576.2'

→ Recommend Btm of Footing $577.5 - 1' = \underline{\underline{576.5'}}$

→ RECOMMEND $R_R = 4 \text{ TSF}$

$$R_n = \frac{4 \text{ TSF}}{0.45} = 8.89 \text{ TSF} \approx 9 \text{ TSF}$$

- BASED ON INSPECTIONS, A FACTORED BEARING RESISTANCE OF 4 TSF IS RECOMMENDED FOR FOOTINGS BEARING IN WR/NCR.

- Footing must be "keyed in" 12" into WR/NCR

- By Inspections, Settlement of structure should be negligible if footings bear in WR/NCR

- CREEK Btm Elev. = 580' (per provided profile)

10B.209011 (MAINT.)
 UNION COUNTY
 BRIDGE NO. 206 ON SR 1149
 OVER LITTLE TWELVE MILE CREEK

(521)

Section Thru B-1 & B-2

ON 20 Scale → 1 tick = 0,5263'

B-1 WR = 591 - 12.6 = 578.4

B-1 NCR = 591 - 13.7 = 577.3

B-2 WR = 591 - 12.1 = 578.9

B-2 NCR = 591 - 14.5 = 576.5

591 - 12.13 = 578.87

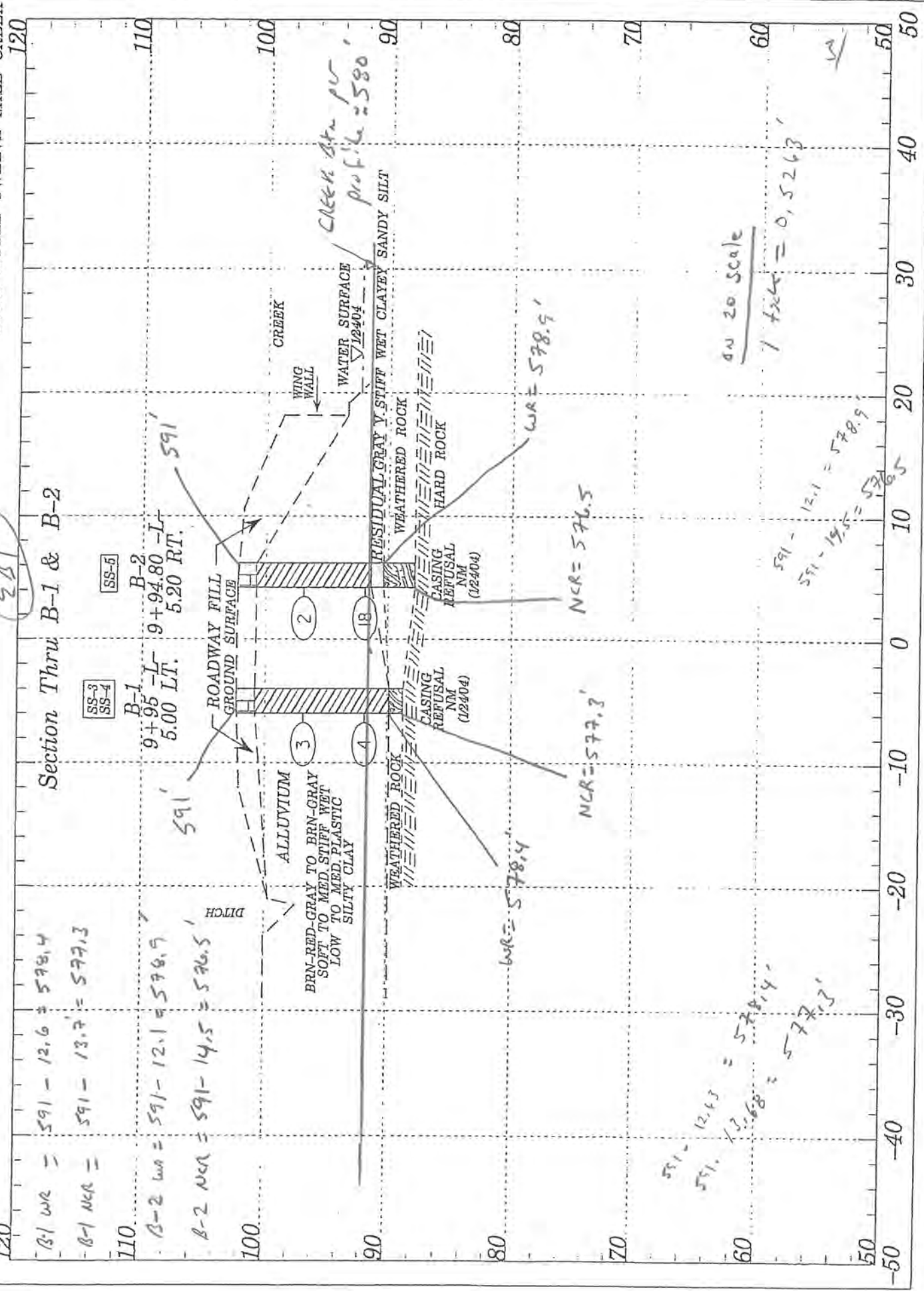
591 - 13.68 = 577.32

591 - 12.1 = 578.9

591 - 14.5 = 576.5

ON 20 Scale
 1 tick = 0,5263'

591 - 12.1 = 578.9
 591 - 14.5 = 576.5





NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT CORE BORING REPORT

WBS 17BP.10.R.5			TIP 17BP.10.R.5			COUNTY UNION			GEOLOGIST R. Clark		
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge 890201 on SR 1149 Over Little Twelve Mile Creek										GROUND WTR (ft)	
BORING NO. B-5			STATION 11+85			OFFSET 14 ft RT			ALIGNMENT -L-		
COLLAR ELEV. 590.0 ft			TOTAL DEPTH 24.6 ft			NORTHING 437,052			EASTING 1,502,732		
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE MAC9354 CME-45C 86% 10/3/2010						DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring			HAMMER TYPE Automatic		
DRILLER F. Cox			START DATE 05/21/12			COMP. DATE 05/21/12			SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A		
CORE SIZE NQ			TOTAL RUN 10.8 ft								
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	RUN		SAMP. NO.	STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS
					REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %		REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %		
576.2											
575	576.2 575.4	13.8 14.6	0.8 5.0	4:05/0.8 3:47 3:58 4:12 4:05 4:09	(0.3) 38%	(0.0) 0%					Begin Coring @ 13.8 ft NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK Light greenish gray, slightly to very slightly weathered, closely to moderately closely fractured, medium hard to moderately hard, METAVOLCANIC (continued)
570	570.4	19.6	5.0	2:38 2:51 3:26 3:48 4:10	(5.0) 100%	(4.7) 94%					
	565.4	24.6									Boring Terminated at Elevation 565.4 ft in Non-Crystalline Rock: METAVOLCANIC

NCDOT CORE SINGLE BRIDGE 201 LOGS.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 6/6/12



AMEC E&I, Inc.
4021 Stirrup Creek Drive, Suite 100
Durham, NC 27703

JOB NO. 6469-12-1040 SHEET 6 OF X
 PHASE Rt. 201 TASK X
 JOB NAME Group N, DIV. 10 X
 BY JSJ GRT DATE 6/4/12 X
 CHECKED BY NBR DATE 6/6/12 X

END BENT No. 2

- USE Boring B-3 and B-4 From NCRST REPORT
- USE Boring B-6 FROM AMEC REPORT

<u>BORING</u>	<u>COLLAR ELEV.</u>	<u>WR ELEV.</u>	<u>NCR ELEV.</u>
B-3	591'	578.9'	571.5'
B-4	591'	577.3'	574.4'
B-6	589.1'	577.1'	575.8'

→ RECOMMEND Btm of Footing @ Elev. $577.1 - 1 = 576.1$
 $= \underline{\underline{576.0}}$

→ $R_R = 4 \text{ TSF}$

$R_N = 4 \text{ TSF} / 0.45 = 8.89 \approx 9 \text{ TSF}$

- BASED ON INSPECTION, A FACTORED BEARING RESISTANCE OF 4 TSF IS RECOMMENDED FOR FOOTINGS BEARING IN WR/NCR.
- FOOTINGS MUST BE KEYED IN 12" INTO WR/NCR
- BY INSPECTION, SETTLEMENT OF STRUCTURE SHOULD BE NEGLIGIBLE IF FOOTING BEAR IN WR/NCR.
- Btm. of Creek Elev. $\approx 581'$ (per provided profile)

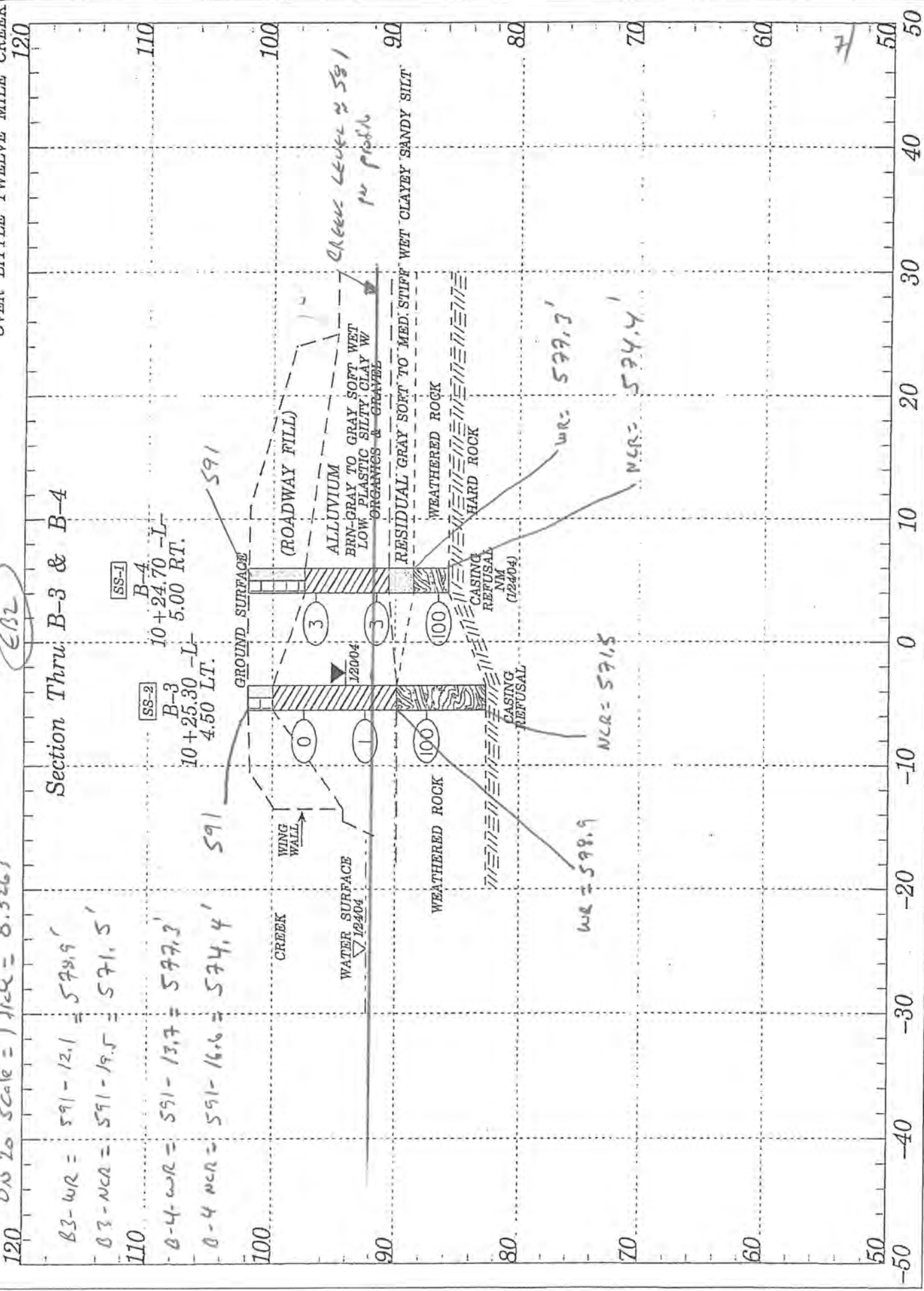
10B.209011 (MAINT.)
 UNION COUNTY
 BRIDGE NO. 206 ON SR 1149
 OVER LITTLE TWELVE MILE CREEK

120 ON 20 Scale = 1124 = 0.5267

Section Thru B-3 & B-4

€B2

B3-WR = 591 - 12.1 = 578.9'
 B3-NCR = 591 - 19.5 = 571.5'
 B4-WR = 591 - 13.7 = 577.3'
 B4-NCR = 591 - 16.6 = 574.4'





NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT CORE BORING REPORT

9

WBS 17BP.10.R.5	TIP 17BP.10.R.5	COUNTY UNION	GEOLOGIST R. Clark
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge 890201 on SR 1149 Over Little Twelve Mile Creek			GROUND WTR (ft)
BORING NO. B-6	STATION 12+33	OFFSET 13 ft LT	ALIGNMENT -L-
COLLAR ELEV. 589.1 ft	TOTAL DEPTH 28.8 ft	NORTHING 437,067	EASTING 1,502,786
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE MAC9354 CME-45C 86% 10/3/2010		DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring	HAMMER TYPE Automatic
DRILLER F. Cox	START DATE 05/21/12	COMP. DATE 05/22/12	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A

CORE SIZE NQ				TOTAL RUN 15.5 ft				STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	DEPTH (ft)
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %	SAMP. NO.	REC. (ft) %	RQD (ft) %			
575.8												
575	575.8	13.3	0.5	2:10/0.5	(0.5) 100%	(0.3) 60%		(8.0) 100%	(5.7) 71%	575.8	13.3	Begin Coring @ 13.3 ft NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK Light greenish gray, slightly to very slightly weathered, closely fractured, moderately hard, METAVOLCANIC
570	570.3	18.8	5.0	3:28 3:39 4:05 3:27 3:55	(5.0) 100%	(2.9) 58%				567.8	21.3	NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK Light greenish gray, moderately severely weathered, closely to very closely fractured, medium hard, METAVOLCANIC
565	565.3	23.8	5.0	2:58 3:05 3:16 2:10 2:25	(3.3) 66%	(2.5) 50%		(4.4) 59%	(0.9) 12%	560.3	28.8	Boring Terminated at Elevation 560.3 ft in Non-Crystalline Rock; METAVOLCANIC
	560.3	28.8		4:05 4:51 5:10 5:17 5:22	(3.6) 72%	(0.9) 18%						
				N=60/0.0								

NCDOT CORE SINGLE BRIDGE 201 LOGS.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 6/6/12



AMEC E&I, Inc.
4021 Stirrup Creek Drive, Suite 100
Durham, NC 27703

JOB NO. 6469-12-1040 SHEET 10 OF X
PHASE Br. 201 TASK X
JOB NAME Group N, Div. 10 X
BY JSJ DATE 6/4/12 X
CHECKED BY MPN DATE 6/6/12 X

- Embankment Settlement

- Minimal Grade change ($1' - 1.5''$) @ Approaches.

- Based on minimal grade changes at the approaches,
significant long term settlements are not
anticipated.

**STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE
INVESTIGATION PROVIDED BY
NCDOT**

17BP.10.R.5

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SUPPLY	FOCAL
N.C.	(MAINT.)	1	8
STATE PROJ. NO.	F.A. PROJ. NO.	DESCRIPTION	
10B.209011		P.E.	
		CONST.	

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

STATE PROJECT 10B.209011 I.D. NO. (MAINT.)

F.A. PROJECT _____

COUNTY UNION

PROJECT DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 201 ON
SR 1149 OVER LITTLE TWELVE MILE CREEK

SITE DESCRIPTION 1 @ 30.0' x 6.0' CROWN SPAN

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WAS MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL UNIT # 1991 250-4088. NEITHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA IS PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

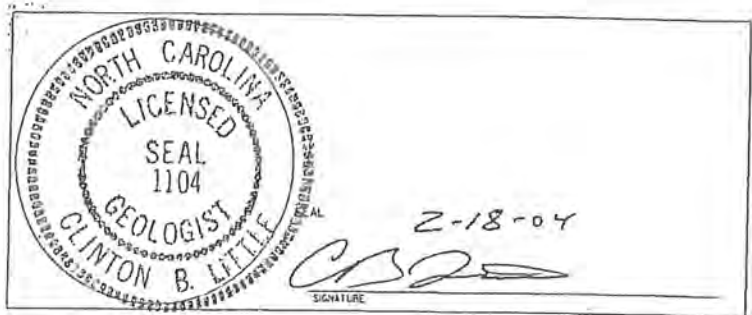
NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

INVESTIGATED BY STICKNEY PERSONNEL BURRIS

CHECKED BY LITTLE C. SMITH

SUBMITTED BY LITTLE

DATE 2-18-04



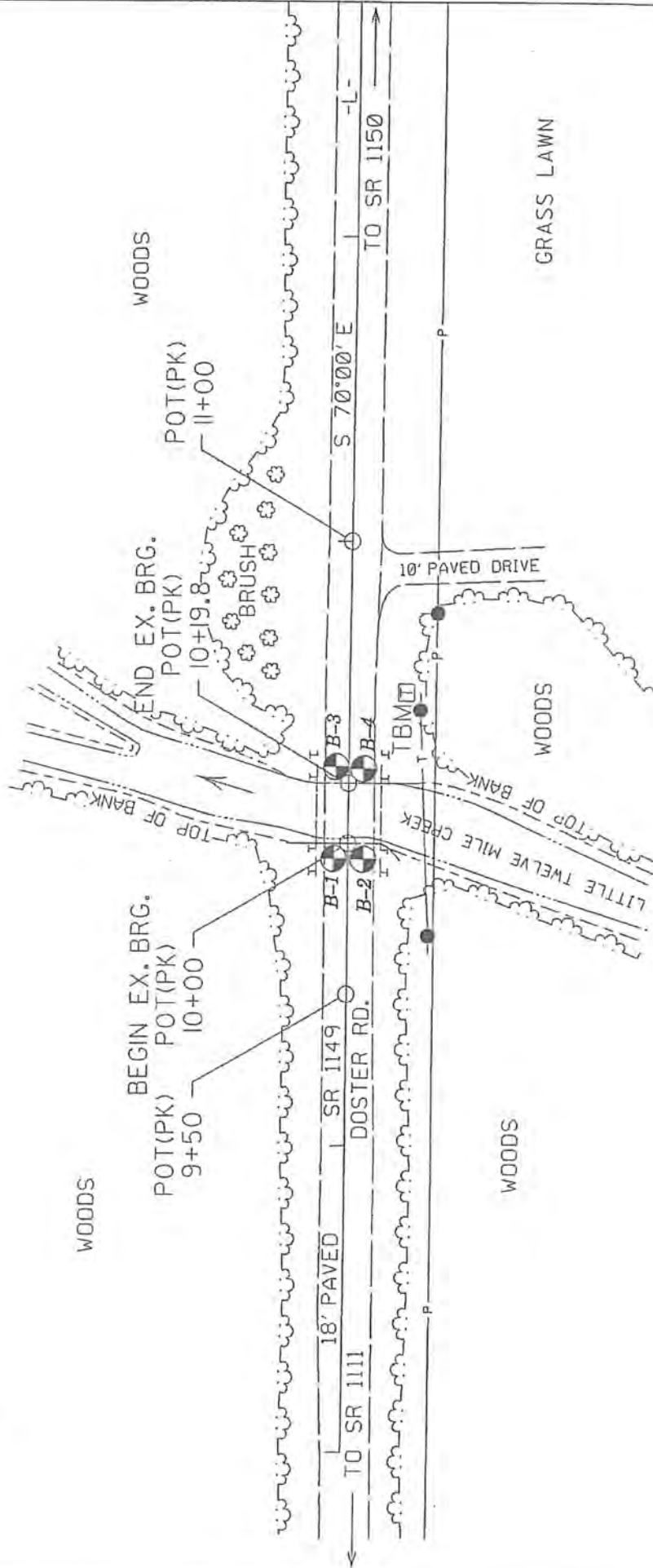
NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL UNIT
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION										GRADATION									
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS WHICH CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND WHICH YIELDS LESS THAN 180 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T206, ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM AND BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE: VERY STIFF, DARK SILTY CLAY, WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, A-7-6										WELL GRADED: INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE UNIFORM: INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED) GAP-GRADED: INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.									
										MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEREVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.									
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION										ANGULARITY OF GRAINS									
GRANULAR MATERIALS (75% PASSING #200) SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (75% PASSING #200) ORGANIC MATERIALS										THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS ARE DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.									
GROUP CLASS. A-1, A-1.5, A-2, A-2.5, A-2.6, A-2.7, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7, A-1.5, A-2, A-3, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7										MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION									
SYMBOLS: [Diagrams showing soil symbols for various classes]										COMPRESSIBILITY SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE									
PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL ORGANIC MATERIAL, GRANULAR SOILS, SILT-CLAY SOILS, OTHER MATERIAL										GROUND WATER WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING. STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS. PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE OR WATER BEARING STRATA SPRING OR SEEPAGE									
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS PRIMARY SOIL TYPE, COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY, RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (N-VALUE), RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT ²)										MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS ROADWAY EMBANKMENT WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION, SOIL SYMBOL, ARTIFICIAL FILL OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENTS, INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARIES, INFERRED ROCK LINE, ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY, DIP/DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES, SPT TEST BORING, AUGER BORING, CORE BORING, MONITORING WELL, PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION, SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION, SPT N-VALUE, SPT REFUSAL									
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE (OPENING MM), BOULDER (BLDR.), COBBLE (COB.), GRAVEL (GR.), COARSE SAND (CSE. SD.), FINE SAND (F. SD.), SILT (SL.), CLAY (CL.)										ABBREVIATIONS AR - AUGER REFUSAL, BT - BORING TERMINATED, CL - CLAY, CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST, CSE. - COARSE, DMT - DILATOMETER TEST, DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST, e - VOID RATIO, F. - FINE, FOSS. - FOSSILIFEROUS, FRAG. - FRACTURED, FRAGS. - FRAGMENTS, MED. - MEDIUM, PHT - PRESSUREMETER TEST, SD. - SAND, SANDY, SL. - SILT, SILTY, SLI. - SLIGHTLY, TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL, γ - UNIT WEIGHT, γ _d - DRY UNIT WEIGHT, W - MOISTURE CONTENT, V. - VERY, VST - VANE SHEAR TEST									
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS), FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION, GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION										EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT DRILL UNITS: MOBILE B-, BK-51, CHE-45, CHE-550, PORTABLE HOIST, OTHER ADVANCING TOOLS: CLAY BITS, 6" CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER, 8" HOLLOW AUGERS, HARD FACED FINGER BITS, TUNG.-CARBIDE INSERTS, CASING W/ ADVANCER, TRICONE 2 1/2" STEEL TEETH, TRICONE TUNG.-CARB., CORE BIT, OTHER									
PLASTICITY PLASTICITY INDEX (PI), DRY STRENGTH										HAMMER TYPE: AUTOMATIC, MANUAL CORE SIZE: B, H, M HAND TOOLS: POST HOLE DIGGER, HAND AUGER, SOUNDING ROD, VANE SHEAR TEST, OTHER									
COLOR DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.																			

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
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SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

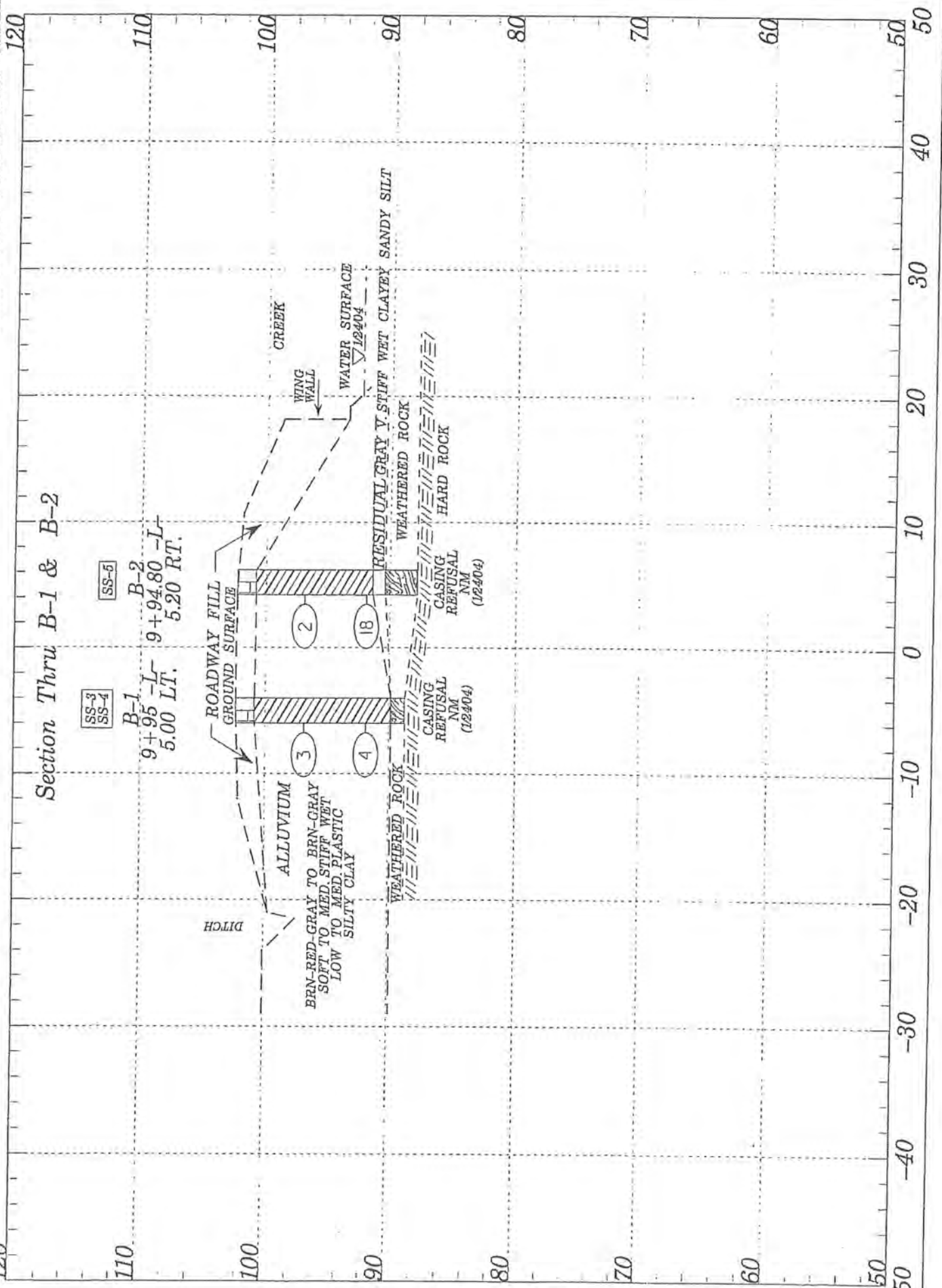
ROCK DESCRIPTION		TERMS AND DEFINITIONS																																	
<p>HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WHEN TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:</p>		<p>ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS WHICH HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.</p> <p>ANOFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.</p> <p>ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.</p> <p>ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.</p> <p>ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.</p> <p>CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS WHICH CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.</p> <p>COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.</p> <p>CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.</p> <p>DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.</p> <p>DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.</p> <p>DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.</p> <p>FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.</p> <p>FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.</p> <p>FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.</p> <p>FLOOD PLAIN (F.P.) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.</p> <p>FORMATION (FM) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.</p> <p>JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.</p> <p>LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK; WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.</p> <p>LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.</p> <p>MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.</p> <p>PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.</p> <p>RESIDUAL SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.</p> <p>ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (R.Q.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.</p> <p>SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL WHICH RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.</p> <p>SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, WHICH HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.</p> <p>SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.</p> <p>STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS IN OR B.P.F. OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PENETRATION WITH 60 BLOWS.</p> <p>STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.</p> <p>STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (S.R.Q.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY: TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 CENTIMETERS DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.</p> <p>TOPSOIL (T.S.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.</p>																																	
<p>WEATHERED SCK (NR)</p>  <p>NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT.</p>																																			
<p>CRYSTALLINE SCK (CR)</p>  <p>FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.</p>																																			
<p>IN-CRYSTALLINE SCK (ICR)</p>  <p>FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.</p>																																			
<p>MASSAL PLAIN SCK (MPL)</p>  <p>COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC.</p>																																			
WEATHERING																																			
VERY FRESH	ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.																																		
BY SLIGHTLY (S.L.)	ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.																																		
LIGHT (L.)	ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH, OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.																																		
MODERATE (M.)	SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.																																		
MODERATELY (M.D.)	ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUM" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.</i>																																		
VERY (V.)	ALL ROCKS EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT, SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES 3-100 B.P.F.</i>																																		
BY SEVERELY (S.V.)	ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES 1-100 B.P.F.</i>																																		
COMPLETE (C.)	ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.																																		
ROCK HARDNESS																																			
VERY HARD	CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.																																		
HARD	CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.																																		
MODERATELY HARD	CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.																																		
MEDIUM HARD	CAN BE GROUDED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PIECES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.																																		
SOFT	CAN BE GROUDED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.																																		
VERY SOFT	CAN BE GROUDED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGER NAIL.																																		
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">FRACTURE SPACING</th> <th colspan="2">BEDDING</th> </tr> <tr> <th>TERM</th> <th>SPACING</th> <th>TERM</th> <th>THICKNESS</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>VERY WIDE</td> <td>MORE THAN 10 FEET</td> <td>VERY THICKLY BEDDED</td> <td>1 - 4 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>WIDE</td> <td>3 TO 10 FEET</td> <td>THICKLY BEDDED</td> <td>1.5 - 4 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MODERATELY CLOSE</td> <td>1 TO 3 FEET</td> <td>THINLY BEDDED</td> <td>0.16 - 1.5 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>CLOSE</td> <td>0.16 TO 1 FEET</td> <td>VERY THINLY BEDDED</td> <td>0.03 - 0.16 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td>VERY CLOSE</td> <td>LESS THAN 0.16 FEET</td> <td>THICKLY LAMINATED</td> <td>0.008 - 0.03 FEET</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>THINLY LAMINATED</td> <td>< 0.008 FEET</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		FRACTURE SPACING		BEDDING		TERM	SPACING	TERM	THICKNESS	VERY WIDE	MORE THAN 10 FEET	VERY THICKLY BEDDED	1 - 4 FEET	WIDE	3 TO 10 FEET	THICKLY BEDDED	1.5 - 4 FEET	MODERATELY CLOSE	1 TO 3 FEET	THINLY BEDDED	0.16 - 1.5 FEET	CLOSE	0.16 TO 1 FEET	VERY THINLY BEDDED	0.03 - 0.16 FEET	VERY CLOSE	LESS THAN 0.16 FEET	THICKLY LAMINATED	0.008 - 0.03 FEET			THINLY LAMINATED	< 0.008 FEET		
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INDURATION																																			
<p>SEDIMENTARY ROCKS. INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.</p>																																			
FRAGILE	RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.																																		
MODERATELY INDURATED	GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.																																		
INDURATED	GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.																																		
EXTREMELY INDURATED	SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.																																		
<p>BENCH MARK: TBM: NAIL IN BASE OF TELEPHONE POLE 24' RT. OF STA. 10+44 -L-</p>		<p>ELEVATION: 100.00 (ASSUMED)</p>																																	
<p>NOTES:</p>																																			

10B 209011 (MAINT.)
 UNION COUNTY
 BRIDGE NO. 201 ON SR 1149 DOSTER RD.
 OVER LITTLE TWELVE MILE CREEK



10B.209011 (MANT.)
 UNION COUNTY
 BRIDGE NO. 206 ON SR 1149
 OVER LITTLE TWELVE MILE CREEK

Section Thru B-1 & B-2



SS-3
SS-4

B-1
9+95.1
5.00 LT.

SS-5

B-2
9+94.80
5.20 RT.

DITCH

ALLUVIUM
BRN-RED-GRAY TO BRN-GRAY
SOFT TO MED. STIFF WET
LOW TO MED. PLASTIC
SILTY CLAY

ROADWAY FILL
GROUND SURFACE

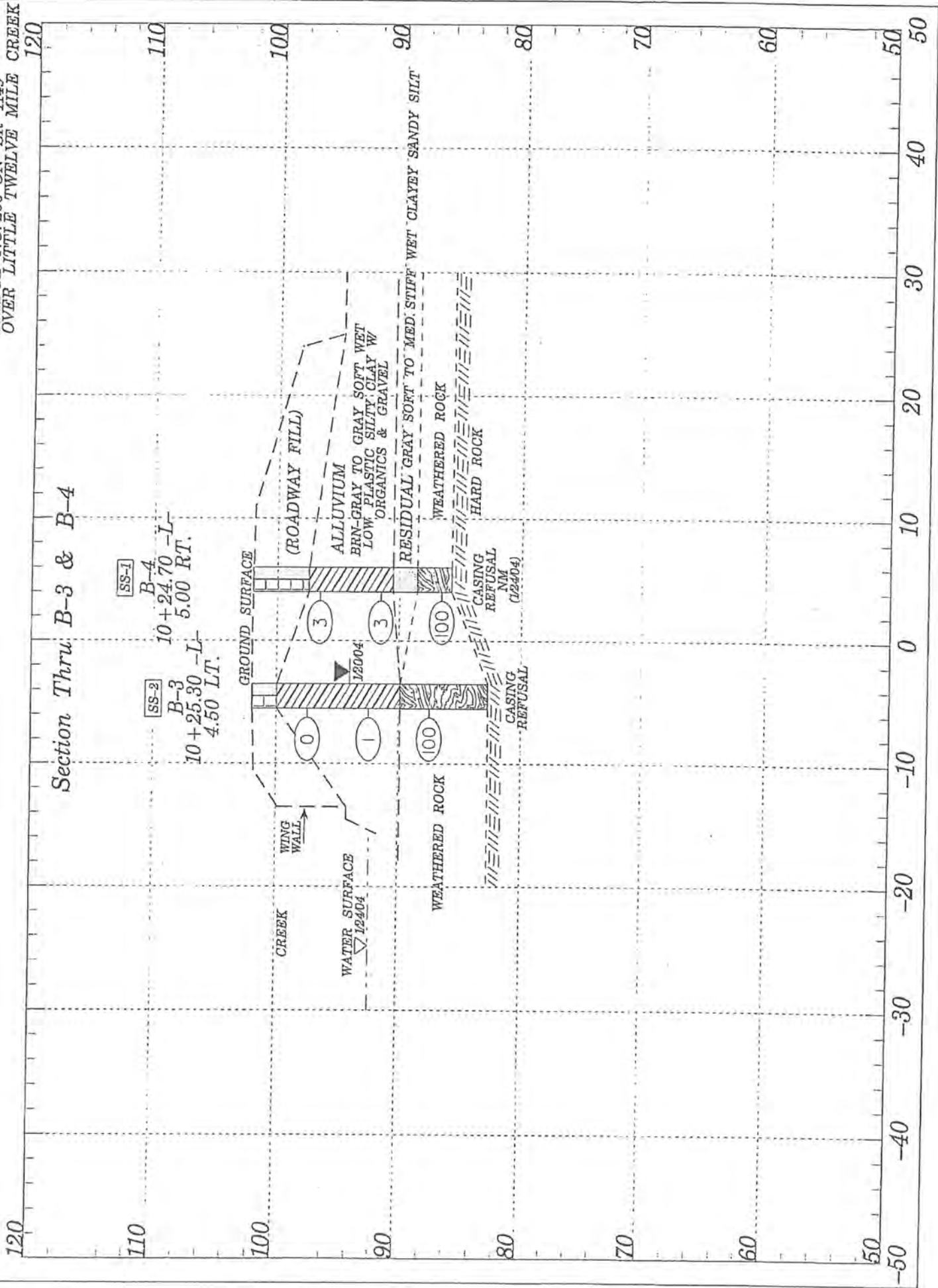
CREEK
WING WALL
WATER SURFACE
124.04

RESIDUAL GRAY V. STIFF WET CLAYEY SANDY SILT
WEATHERED ROCK
CASING REFUSAL NM (12404)
HARD ROCK
CASING REFUSAL NM (12404)

WEATHERED ROCK

10B-209011 (MAINT.)
 UNION COUNTY
 BRIDGE NO. 206 ON SR 1149
 OVER LITTLE TWELVE MILE CREEK

Section Thru B-3 & B-4



**NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAY
MATERIALS & TESTS UNIT
SOILS LABORATORY**

T. I. P. No. BRIDGE # 201 UNION Co.
-BR-6201-

REPORT ON SAMPLES OF SOILS FOR QUALITY

Project 10.B209011 County UNION Owner _____
 Date: Sampled _____ Received 1/29/04 Reported 2/2/2004
 Sampled from -L- By E. BEVERLY
 Submitted by N.W. WAINAINA _____
 _____ 1995 Standard Specifications

711005 TO 711009
2/13/04

TEST RESULTS

Proj. Sample No.		SS-1	SS-2	SS-3	SS-4	SS-5
Lab. Sample No.		711005	711006	711007	711008	711009
Retained #4 Sieve	%	-	-	6	-	27
Passing #10 Sieve	%	84	100	87	100	69
Passing #40 Sieve	%	68	99	81	98	63
Passing #200 Sieve	%	59	96	76	93	48

MINUS NO. 10 FRACTION

SOIL MORTAR - 100%						
Coarse Sand Ret - #60	%	23.0	1.8	9.1	2.2	14.5
Fine Sand Ret - #270	%	8.9	3.6	6.6	9.3	20.9
Silt 0.05 - 0.005 mm	%	36.0	56.3	40.0	50.3	42.4
Clay < 0.005 mm	%	32.2	38.3	44.3	38.3	22.2
Passing #40 Sieve	%	-	-	-	-	-
Passing #200 Sieve	%	-	-	-	-	-

L. L.	NOT	39	40	35	26
P. L.	ENOUGH	12	14	18	9
AASHTO Classification	MAT.	A-6(14)	A-6(11)	A-6(16)	A-4(1)
Station		10+24.7	10+25.3	9+95	9+94.8
		5 RT	4.5 LT	5 LT	5.2 RT
Hole No.		B-4	B-3	B-1	B-1
Depth (Ft)		5.90	10.00	6.00	11.00
	to	6.90	11.00	7.00	12.00

cc: E. BEVERLY
Soils File

GEOTECHNICAL UNIT FIELD SCOUR REPORT

PROJECT: 10B.209011 TIP NO.: (MAINT.) COUNTY: UNION

DESCRIPTION(1): BRIDGE # 201 ON SR 1149 OVER LITTLE TWELVE MILE CREEK

INFORMATION ON EXISTING BRIDGES Information obtained from Field Inspection
 Microfilm (Reel:) Position:)
 Other

COUNTY BRIDGE NO. 201 BRIDGE LENGTH 19.8' NO. BENTS 2 NO. BENTS IN: CHANNEL 0 FLOODPLAIN 2

FOUNDATION TYPE: SINGLE SPAN ALL CONCRETE, DECK AND VERTICAL END BENTS

EVIDENCE OF SCOUR(2):

BUTMENTS OR END BENT SLOPES: SOME SCOUR ON UPSTREAM WINGWALLS

INTERIOR BENTS: N/A

CHANNEL BED: NONE

CHANNEL BANKS: UNSTABLE - SHOW UNDERCUT

EXISTING SCOUR PROTECTION:

TYPE(3): NONE

EXTENT(4): N/A

EFFECTIVENESS(5): N/A

OBSTRUCTIONS(6) (DAMS, DEBRIS, ETC.): TREE LIMBS

DESIGN INFORMATION

CHANNEL BED MATERIAL(7) (Sample Results Attached): SAND, GRAVEL, ROCK AND BOULDERS

CHANNEL BANK MATERIAL(8) (Sample Results Attached): SILTY CLAY (REFERENCE SS-3)

CHANNEL BANK COVER(9): MATURE TREES AND SHRUBS

FLOOD PLAIN WIDTH(10): STATION 9+75 TO 10+25

FLOOD PLAIN COVER(11): MATURE TREES AND SHRUBS

STREAM IS: DEGRADING AGGRADING (12)

OTHER OBSERVATIONS AND COMMENTS:

DESIGN INFORMATION CONT.

CHANNEL MIGRATION TENDENCY(13): *SLIGHT TO NONE*

GEOTECHNICAL ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATIONS (14):

The geotechnical adjusted scour elevation is top of weathered rock. Weathered rock range, based on 4 boring locations for crown span design, is elevation 88 - 90 feet. This closely corresponds to the refusal / rock line elevation of 89 feet depicted on the proposed crown span drawing.

REPORTED BY: *JEB /JKS* DATE: *2-13-04*

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1) GIVE THE DESCRIPTION OF THE SPECIFIC SITE GIVING ROUTE NUMBER AND BODY OF WATER CROSSED.
- 2) NOTE ANY EVIDENCE OF SCOUR AT THE EXISTING END BENTS OR ABUTMENTS (UNDERMINING, SLOUGHING, SCOUR LOCATIONS DEGRADATIONS, ETC.)
- 3) NOTE ANY EXISTING SCOUR PROTECTION (RIPRAP, ETC.)
- 4) DESCRIBE THE EXTENT OF ANY EXISTING SCOUR PROTECTION.
- 5) DESCRIBE WHETHER OR NOT THE SCOUR PROTECTION APPEARS TO BE WORKING.
- 6) NOTE ANY DAMS, FALLEN TREES, DEBRIS AT BENTS, ETC.
- 7) DESCRIBE THE CHANNEL BED MATERIAL; A SAMPLE SHOULD BE TAKEN FOR GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION, ATTACH LAB RESULTS.
- 8) DESCRIBE THE CHANNEL BANK MATERIAL; A SAMPLE SHOULD BE TAKEN FOR GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION, ATTACH LAB RESULTS.
- 9) DESCRIBE THE BANK COVERING (GRASS, TREES, RIPRAP, NONE, ETC.)
- 10) GIVE THE APPROXIMATE FLOOD PLAIN WIDTH (ESTIMATE).
- 11) DESCRIBE THE FLOOD PLAIN COVERING (GRASS, TREES, CROPS, ETC.)
- 12) CHECK THE APPROPRIATE SPACE AS TO WHETHER THE STREAM IS DEGRADING OR AGGRADING.
- 13) DESCRIBE THE POTENTIAL OF THE BODY OF WATER TO MIGRATE Laterally DURING THE LIFE OF THE BRIDGE (APPROXIMATELY 100 YEARS).
- 14) GIVE THE GEOTECHNICAL ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATION EXPECTED OVER THE LIFE OF THE BRIDGE (APPROXIMATELY 100 YEARS). THIS CAN BE GIVEN AS AN ELEVATION RANGE ACROSS THE SITE, OR ON A BENT BY BENT BASIS WHERE VARIATIONS EXIST. DISCUSS RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE HYDRAULICS THEORETICAL SCOUR AND THE GEOTECHNICAL ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATION. IF THE GEOTECHNICAL ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATION IS DEPENDENT ON SCOUR COUNTER MEASURES, EXPLAIN. (RIPRAP ARMORING ON SLOPES, ETC.) THE GEOTECHNICAL ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATION IS BASED ON THE ERODABILITY OF MATERIALS WITH CONSIDERATION FOR JOINTING, FOLIATION, BEDDING ORIENTATION AND FREQUENCY; CORE RECOVERY PERCENTAGE; PERCENT RQD; DIFFERENTIAL WEATHERING; SHEAR STRENGTH; OBSERVATIONS AT EXISTING STRUCTURES; OTHER TESTS DEEMED APPROPRIATE; AND OVERALL GEOLOGIC CONDITIONS AT THE SITE.

**SUPPLEMENTAL STRUCTURE
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION
PROVIDED BY AMEC**

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	17BP.10.R.5	1	10

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STRUCTURE
SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. 17BP.10.R.5 F.A. PROJ. N/A
COUNTY UNION
PROJECT DESCRIPTION DIVISION 10 GROUP N BRIDGE
REPLACEMENT
SITE DESCRIPTION REPLACE STRUCTURE 890201 - PRECAST
REINFORCED CONCRETE THREE-SIDED CULVERT ON SR 1149
(DOSTER ROAD) OVER TWELVE MILE CREEK

CONTENTS

<u>SHEET</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
1	TITLE SHEET
2-2A	LEGEND SHEETS
3	SITE PLAN
4-9	BORING LOGS

PERSONNEL

F. Cox
D. Rhodes
R. Clark

INVESTIGATED BY AMEC E&I, Inc.
CHECKED BY S. Johnson, P.G. P.E.
SUBMITTED BY M. Lear, P.G.
DATE June 2012

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF PREPARING THE SCOPE OF WORK TO BE INCLUDED IN THE REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (919) 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

SOIL AND ROCK BOUNDARIES WITHIN A BOREHOLE ARE BASED ON GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION UNLESS ENCOUNTERED IN A SAMPLE. INTERPRETED BOUNDARIES MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA, AND BOREHOLE INFORMATION MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION, AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

DRAWN BY: R. Rahie

amec
AMEC E&I, Inc.
4021 STIRRUP CREEK DRIVE, SUITE 100
DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA 27703
(919) 381-9900

SEAL
SIGNATURE Michael B. Lear
NC Engineering F-1253 NC Geology C-247

**NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS**

SOIL DESCRIPTION

SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (ASTM 1286, ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLES:

VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGH PLASTIC, A-7-5

GRADATION

WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE.
UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED)
GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.

ANGULARITY OF GRAINS

THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS **ANGULAR**, **SUBANGULAR**, **SUBROUNDED**, OR **ROUNDED**.

SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION

GENERAL CLASS.	GRANULAR MATERIALS (≤ 35% PASSING #200)						SILT-CLAY MATERIALS (> 35% PASSING #200)						ORGANIC MATERIALS			
	A-1	A-3	A-2		A-4	A-5	A-6	A-7	A-1, A-2	A-3	A-4, A-5	A-6, A-7				
GROUP CLASS.	A-1-a	A-1-b	A-2-4	A-2-5	A-2-6	A-2-7	A-4	A-5	A-6	A-7-5	A-7-6					
SYMBOL																
% PASSING	50 MX 38 MX 15 MX	50 MX 25 MX	51 MX 35 MX	51 MX 35 MX	51 MX 35 MX	51 MX 35 MX	36 MX 10 MX	36 MX 10 MX	36 MX 10 MX	36 MX 10 MX	36 MX 10 MX	GRANULAR SOILS	SILT-CLAY SOILS	MUCK, PEAT		
LIQUID LIMIT			40 MX 10 MX	41 MN 10 MX	40 MX 11 MN	41 MN 11 MN	40 MX 10 MX	41 MN 10 MX	40 MX 11 MN	41 MN 11 MN						
PLASTIC INDEX	6 MX		NP													
GROUP INDEX	0	0	0	4 MX			8 MX	12 MX	16 MX	No MX						
USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR MATERIALS	STONE FRAGS. GRAVEL AND SAND	FINE SAND	SILTY OR CLAYEY GRAVEL AND SAND		SILTY SOILS		CLAYEY SOILS		SOILS WITH LITTLE OR MODERATE AMOUNTS OF ORGANIC MATTER				HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS			
GENERATING AS A SUBGRADE	EXCELLENT TO GOOD						FAIR TO POOR			FAIR TO POOR	POOR	UNSATURABLE				

PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30

CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS

PRIMARY SOIL TYPE	COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY	RANGE OF STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (N-VALUE)	RANGE OF UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/FT ²)
GENERALLY GRANULAR MATERIAL (NON-COHESIVE)	VERY LOOSE LOOSE MEDIUM DENSE DENSE VERY DENSE	≤ 4 4 TO 10 10 TO 30 30 TO 50 >50	N/A
GENERALLY SILT-CLAY MATERIAL (COHESIVE)	VERY SOFT SOFT MEDIUM STIFF STIFF VERY STIFF HARD	≤ 2 2 TO 4 4 TO 8 8 TO 15 15 TO 30 >30	0.25 0.25 TO 0.50 0.5 TO 1.0 1 TO 2 2 TO 4 >4

TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE

U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE OPENING (MM)	4	10	40	60	200	270
	4.75	2.00	0.42	0.25	0.075	0.053

BOULDER (BLDR.)	COBBLE (COB.)	GRAVEL (GRV.)	COARSE SAND (CSE. SD.)	FINE SAND (F. SD.)	SILT (SL.)	CLAY (CL.)
GRAIN MM 305	75	2.0	0.25	0.05	0.005	
SIZE IN. 12	3					

SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS

SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS)	FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION
LL - LIQUID LIMIT	- SATURATED - (SAT.)	USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE
PL - PLASTIC LIMIT	- WET - (W)	SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE
OM - OPTIMUM MOISTURE	- MOIST - (M)	SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE
SL - SHRINKAGE LIMIT	- DRY - (D)	REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE

PLASTICITY

NONPLASTIC	PLASTICITY INDEX (PI)	DRY STRENGTH
LOW PLASTICITY	0-5	VERY LOW
MED. PLASTICITY	6-15	SLIGHT
HIGH PLASTICITY	16-25	MEDIUM
	26 OR MORE	HIGH

COLOR

DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.

MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION

MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.

COMPRESSIBILITY

SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE
MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE
HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE

LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31
LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-50
LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50

PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL

ORGANIC MATERIAL	GRANULAR SOILS	SILT - CLAY SOILS	OTHER MATERIAL
TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER	2 - 3%	3 - 5%	TRACE
LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER	3 - 5%	5 - 12%	LITTLE
MODERATELY ORGANIC	5 - 18%	12 - 28%	SOME
HIGHLY ORGANIC	>18%	>28%	HIGHLY
			1 - 10% 10 - 20% 20 - 35% 35% AND ABOVE

GROUND WATER

- WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING
- STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS
- PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA
- SPRING OR SEEP

MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS

- ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION
- SOIL SYMBOL
- ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT
- INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY
- INFERRED ROCK LINE
- ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY
- DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES
- TEST BORING W/ CORE
- AUGER BORING
- CORE BORING
- MONITORING WELL
- PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION
- SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION
- CONE PENETROMETER TEST
- SOUNDING ROD
- SPT DMT VST PMT
- TEST BORING W/ CORE
- SPT N-VALUE
- SPT REFUSAL

ABBREVIATIONS

- AR - AUGER REFUSAL
- BT - BORING TERMINATED
- CL - CLAY
- CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST
- CSE - COARSE
- DMT - DILATOMETER TEST
- DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST
- e - VOID RATIO
- F - FINE
- FOSS. - FOSSILIFEROUS
- FRAC. - FRACTURED, FRACTURES
- FRAGS. - FRAGMENTS
- HI. - HIGHLY
- MED. - MEDIUM
- MICA - MICACEOUS
- MOD. - MODERATELY
- NP - NON PLASTIC
- ORG. - ORGANIC
- PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST
- SAP. - SAPROLITIC
- SD. - SAND, SANDY
- SL. - SILT, SILTY
- SLI. - SLIGHTLY
- TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL
- MC - MOISTURE CONTENT
- V - VERY
- VST - VANE SHEAR TEST
- WEA. - WEATHERED
- W - UNIT WEIGHT
- W_d - DRY UNIT WEIGHT
- SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS
- S - BULK
- SS - SPLIT SPOON
- ST - SHELBY TUBE
- RS - ROCK
- RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL
- CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO

EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT

DRILL UNITS:	ADVANCING TOOLS:	HAMMER TYPE:
<input type="checkbox"/> MOBILE B- _____	<input type="checkbox"/> CLAY BITS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AUTOMATIC <input type="checkbox"/> MANUAL
<input type="checkbox"/> BK-51	<input type="checkbox"/> 6' CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER	CORE SIZE:
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CME-45C	<input type="checkbox"/> 8" HOLLOW AUGERS	<input type="checkbox"/> B _____
<input type="checkbox"/> CME-650	<input type="checkbox"/> HARD FACED FINGER BITS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N Q _____
<input type="checkbox"/> PORTABLE HOIST	<input type="checkbox"/> TUNG-CARBIDE INSERTS	<input type="checkbox"/> H _____
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CASING <input type="checkbox"/> W/ ADVANCER	HAND TOOLS:
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TRICONE _____ 2 3/8" STEEL TEETH	<input type="checkbox"/> POST HOLE DIGGER
	<input type="checkbox"/> TRICONE _____ TUNG-CARB.	<input type="checkbox"/> HAND AUGER
	<input type="checkbox"/> CORE BIT	<input type="checkbox"/> SOUNDING ROD
		<input type="checkbox"/> VANE SHEAR TEST

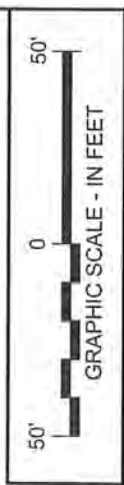
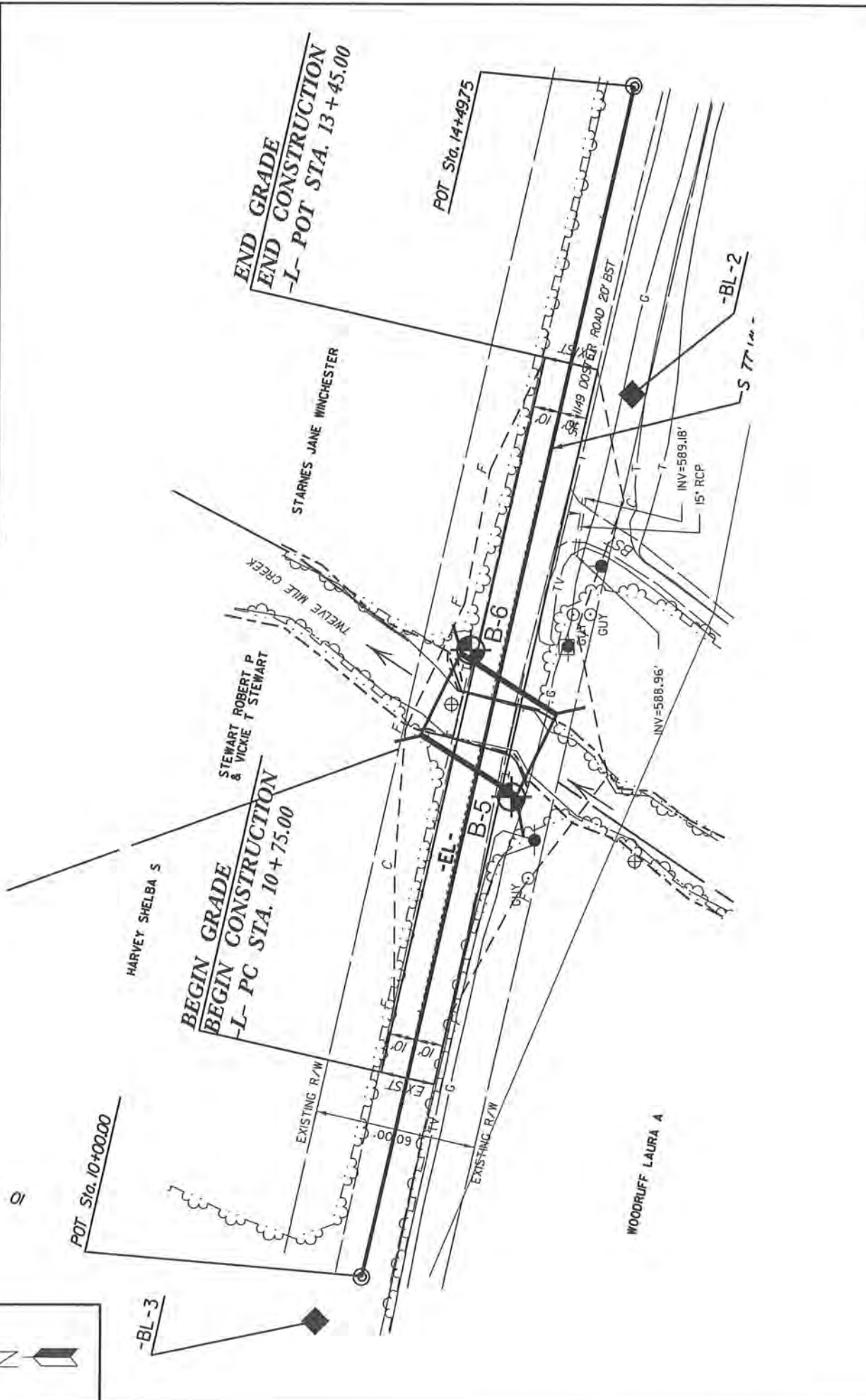
NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

ROCK DESCRIPTION		TERMS AND DEFINITIONS	
<p>HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:</p>		<p>ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLOOED FROM PARENT MATERIAL. FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.</p>	
<p>WEATHERED ROCK (WR)</p> 	<p>NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.</p>		
<p>CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR)</p> 	<p>FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.</p>		
<p>NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR)</p> 	<p>FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.</p>		
<p>COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (CP)</p> 	<p>COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC.</p>		
WEATHERING			
FRESH	ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.		
VERY SLIGHT (V SL.)	ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN. CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.		
SLIGHT (SL.)	ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.		
MODERATE (MOD.)	SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.		
MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.)	ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL</i>		
SEVERE (SEV.)	ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF</i>		
VERY SEVERE (V SEV.)	ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF</i>		
COMPLETE	ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.		
ROCK HARDNESS			
VERY HARD	CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.		
HARD	CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.		
MODERATELY HARD	CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.		
MEDIUM HARD	CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PIECES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.		
SOFT	CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.		
VERY SOFT	CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.		
FRACTURE SPACING		BEDDING	
TERM	SPACING	TERM	THICKNESS
VERY WIDE	MORE THAN 10 FEET	VERY THICKLY BEDDED	> 4 FEET
WIDE	3 TO 10 FEET	THICKLY BEDDED	1.5 - 4 FEET
MODERATELY CLOSE	1 TO 3 FEET	THINLY BEDDED	0.16 - 1.5 FEET
CLOSE	0.16 TO 1 FEET	VERY THINLY BEDDED	0.03 - 0.16 FEET
VERY CLOSE	LESS THAN 0.16 FEET	THICKLY LAMINATED	0.008 - 0.03 FEET
		THINLY LAMINATED	< 0.008 FEET
INDURATION			
FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.			
FRIABLE	RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.		
MODERATELY INDURATED	GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.		
INDURATED	GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.		
EXTREMELY INDURATED	SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.		
BENCH MARK: NCDOT REBAR & CAP STAMPED BL-2 LOCATED AT STATION		ELEVATION: 593.50 FT.	
II+10.88 (-L-), 24.89 LT			
NOTES:			

SHEET NO. 3
 W.B.S. NO.: 17BP.10.R.5
 T.I.P. NO.: N/A
 COUNTY: UNION



DESCRIPTION:
 REPLACEMENT STRUCTURE 890201 -
 PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE
 THREE-SIDED CULVERT ON SR 1149
 (DOSTER RD) OVER TWELVE MILE
 CREEK





NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

BORELOG REPORT

WBS 17BP.10.R.5		TIP 17BP.10.R.5		COUNTY UNION		GEOLOGIST R. Clark										
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge 890201 on SR 1149 Over Little Twelve Mile Creek							GROUND WTR (ft)									
BORING NO. B-5		STATION 11+85		OFFSET 14 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-	0 HR. 3.8									
COLLAR ELEV. 590.0 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 24.6 ft		NORTHING 437,052		EASTING 1,502,732	24 HR. 5.2									
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE MAC9354 CME-45C 86% 10/3/2010				DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring		HAMMER TYPE Automatic										
DRILLER F. Cox		START DATE 05/21/12		COMP. DATE 05/21/12		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG MOI	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100				ELEV. (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	
590	590.0	0.0	1	2	2	4								590.0	0.0	GROUND SURFACE
585	586.5	3.5	2	2	2	4										ROADWAY EMBANKMENT Light brown to brown, soft, moist, sandy SILT (A-4)
	581.5	8.5	2	2	3									584.0	6.0	ALLUVIAL Light yellowish brown, moist to wet, medium stiff, clayey SILT (A-4)
575	576.9	13.1	60/0.0											577.5	12.5	WEATHERED ROCK Tan to light gray, METAVOLCANIC
	576.2	13.8	60/0.0											576.2	13.8	NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK Tan to light gray, METAVOLCANIC
570																NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK Light greenish gray, METAVOLCANIC
														565.4	24.6	Boring Terminated at Elevation 565.4 ft in Non-Crystalline Rock: METAVOLCANIC

NCDOT BORE SINGLE BRIDGE 201 LOGS.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 6/6/12



NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

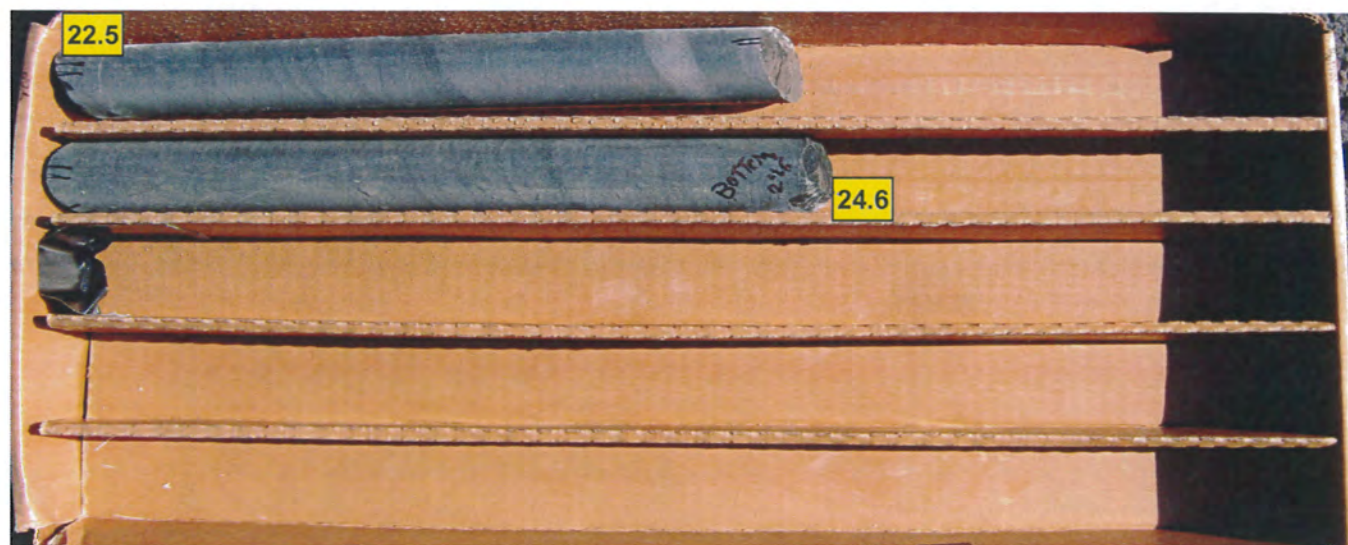
CORE BORING REPORT

WBS 17BP.10.R.5		TIP 17BP.10.R.5		COUNTY UNION		GEOLOGIST R. Clark					
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge 890201 on SR 1149 Over Little Twelve Mile Creek									GROUND WTR (ft)		
BORING NO. B-5		STATION 11+85		OFFSET 14 ft RT		ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR. 3.8			
COLLAR ELEV. 590.0 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 24.6 ft		NORTHING 437,052		EASTING 1,502,732		24 HR. 5.2			
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE MAC9354 CME-45C 86% 10/3/2010				DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring			HAMMER TYPE Automatic				
DRILLER F. Cox		START DATE 05/21/12		COMP. DATE 05/21/12		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A					
CORE SIZE NQ		TOTAL RUN 10.8 ft									
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	RUN		SAMP. NO.	STRATA		LOG	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS
					REC. (ft) %	ROD (ft) %		REC. (ft) %	ROD (ft) %		
576.2											Begin Coring @ 13.8 ft
575	575.4	13.8	0.8	4:05	(0.3)	(0.0)					NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK Light greenish gray, slightly to very slightly weathered, closely to moderately closely fractured, medium hard to moderately hard, METAVOLCANIC <i>(continued)</i>
			5.0	3:47 3:58 4:12 4:05 4:09	38% (4.8)	0% (3.7)					
570	570.4	19.6	5.0	2:38 2:51 3:26 3:48 4:10	(5.0) 100%	(4.7) 94%					
	565.4	24.6		4:10							
											Boring Terminated at Elevation 565.4 ft in Non-Crystalline Rock: METAVOLCANIC

CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

B-5

BOXES 1 & 2: 13.8 - 24.6 FEET





NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

BORELOG REPORT

WBS 17BP.10.R.5		TIP 17BP.10.R.5		COUNTY UNION		GEOLOGIST R. Clark										
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge 890201 on SR 1149 Over Little Twelve Mile Creek							GROUND WTR (ft)									
BORING NO. B-6		STATION 12+33		OFFSET 13 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-	0 HR. 1.5									
COLLAR ELEV. 589.1 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 28.8 ft		NORTHING 437,067		EASTING 1,502,786	24 HR. 5.3									
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE MAC9354 CME-45C 86% 10/3/2010				DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring		HAMMER TYPE Automatic										
DRILLER F. Cox		START DATE 05/21/12		COMP. DATE 05/22/12		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A										
ELEV (ft)	DRIVE ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	BLOW COUNT			BLOWS PER FOOT					SAMP. NO.	LOG MOI	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (ft)		
			0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0	25	50	75	100						
590	589.1	0.0	2	3	3	6								589.1	0.0	GROUND SURFACE
585	585.6	3.5	1	1	2	3							M	583.1	6.0	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT Brown, moist, medium stiff to soft, sandy, clayey SILT (A-4) with trace organics and trace gravel
580	580.6	8.5	3	4	3	7							W	577.1	12.0	ALLUVIAL Gray, wet, medium stiff, sandy, clayey SILT (A-4) with few organics
575	575.8	13.3	60/0.0			60/0.0							575.8	13.3	WEATHERED ROCK METAVOLCANIC	
570																NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK Light greenish gray, METAVOLCANIC
565														567.8	21.3	NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK Light greenish gray, METAVOLCANIC
	560.3	28.8	60/0.0			60/0.0							560.3	28.8	Boring Terminated at Elevation 560.3 ft in Non-Crystalline Rock: METAVOLCANIC	

NCDOT BORE SINGLE BRIDGE 201 LOGS.GPJ NC DOT.GDT 6/6/12



NCDOT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT CORE BORING REPORT

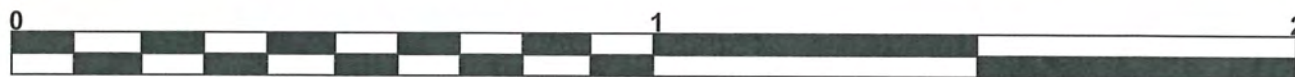
WBS 17BP.10.R.5		TIP 17BP.10.R.5		COUNTY UNION		GEOLOGIST R. Clark						
SITE DESCRIPTION Bridge 890201 on SR 1149 Over Little Twelve Mile Creek									GROUND WTR (ft)			
BORING NO. B-6		STATION 12+33		OFFSET 13 ft LT		ALIGNMENT -L-		0 HR. 1.5				
COLLAR ELEV. 589.1 ft		TOTAL DEPTH 28.8 ft		NORTHING 437,067		EASTING 1,502,786		24 HR. 5.3				
DRILL RIG/HAMMER EFF./DATE MAC9354 CME-45C 86% 10/3/2010				DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring			HAMMER TYPE Automatic					
DRILLER F. Cox		START DATE 05/21/12		COMP. DATE 05/22/12		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A						
CORE SIZE NQ		TOTAL RUN 15.5 ft										
ELEV (ft)	RUN ELEV (ft)	DEPTH (ft)	RUN (ft)	DRILL RATE (Min/ft)	RUN		SAMP. NO.	STRATA		L O G	DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS	DEPTH (ft)
					REC. (ft) %	ROD (ft) %		REC. (ft) %	ROD (ft) %			
575.8												
575	575.8 575.3	13.3 13.8	0.5 5.0	2:10/0.5 3:28 3:39 4:05 3:27 3:55	(0.5) 100%	(0.3) 60%		(8.0) 100%	(5.7) 71%		Begin Coring @ 13.3 ft NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK Light greenish gray, slightly to very slightly weathered, closely fractured, moderately hard, METAVOLCANIC	13.3
570	570.3	18.8	5.0	2:58 3:05 3:16 2:10 2:25	(3.3) 66%	(2.5) 50%						
565	565.3	23.8	5.0	4:05 4:51 5:10 5:17 5:22	(3.6) 72%	(0.9) 18%		(4.4) 59%	(0.9) 12%		NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK Light greenish gray, moderately severely weathered, closely to very closely fractured, medium hard, METAVOLCANIC	21.3
	560.3	28.8		N=60/0.0							Boring Terminated at Elevation 560.3 ft in Non-Crystalline Rock: METAVOLCANIC	28.8

NCDOT CORE SINGLE BRIDGE 201 LOGS.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT 6/6/12

CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

B-6

BOXES 1 & 2: 13.3 - 28.8 FEET



FEET